## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

1. (Currently Amended): A charged-particle beam irradiator comprising: a plurality of scan electromagnets for one direction provided on an entrance side of a final deflection electromagnet to scan a charged-particle beam to expand an irradiation field,

wherein kicks provided by the plurality of said scan electromagnets are superimposed in said one direction to form a collimated irradiation field at an exit of said final deflection electromagnet.

2. (Original): A charged-particle beam irradiator according to claim 1, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are arranged according to following equation.

$$a_{11}(s_1) \bullet X_1' + a_{11}(s_2) \bullet X_2' + \cdots + a_{11}(s_n) \bullet X_n' = 0$$

where,

n: number of the electromagnets.

 $S_1 \dots S_n$ :

distance from each electromagnet to beam irradiated

position

a<sub>11</sub> (s):

coefficient of beam transport matrix

X':

beam divergence at the beam irradiated position

3. (Original): A charged-particle beam irradiator according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are interposed between said final deflection electromagnet and a deflection electromagnet disposed on an entrance thereof.

- 4. (Currently Amended): A charged-particle beam irradiator according to claims 1 or 2 elaim—3, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are disposed upstream from said a deflection electromagnet disposed at an entrance of said final deflection electromagnet thereof.
- 5. (Original): A charged-particle beam irradiator according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are disposed independent of each other in X and Y directions.
  - 6. (Currently Amended): A therapy system, comprising:

a charged-particle beam irradiator, having a plurality of scan electromagnets <u>for one direction</u> provided on an entrance side of a final deflection electromagnet, configured such that kicks provided by the plurality of said scan electromagnets are superimposed <u>in said one direction</u> to form a collimated irradiation field at an exit of a final deflection electromagnet to irradiate an affected part with a charged-particle beam.

7. (Previously Presented): A charged-particle beam irradiator for allowing a scan electromagnet provided on an entrance side of a final deflection electromagnet to scan a charged-particle beam to expand an irradiation field, said charged-particle beam irradiator, comprising:

a plurality of said scan electromagnets, wherein

kicks provided by the plurality of said scan electromagnets are superimposed to form a collimated irradiation field at an exit of said final deflection electromagnet, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are arranged according to following equation.

$$a_{11}(s_1) \bullet X_1' + a_{11}(s_2) \bullet X_2' + \cdots + a_{11}(s_n) \bullet X_n' = 0$$

where,

n: number of the electromagnets.

 $s_1 \dots s_n$ :

distance from each electromagnet to beam irradiated

position

a<sub>11</sub> (s):

coefficient of beam transport matrix

X':

beam divergence at the beam irradiated position

- 8. (Previously Presented): The charged-particle beam irradiator according to claim 7, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are interposed between said final deflection electromagnet and a deflection electromagnet disposed on an entrance thereof.
- 9. (Previously Presented): The charged-particle beam irradiator according to claim 8, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are disposed upstream from said deflection electromagnet at an entrance thereof.
- 10. (Previously Presented): The charged-particle beam irradiator according to claim 7, wherein said plurality of scan electromagnets are disposed independent of each other in X and Y directions.